

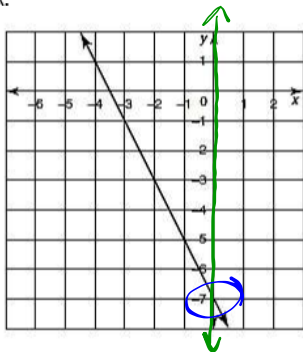
Day 6: Y-intercepts = b = beginning

A **y-intercept** is the point where the graph crosses the y-axis. Its coordinate will always be the point $(0, b)$, where b stands for the number on the y-axis where the graph crosses and the value of the x-coordinate will always be 0.

$y = mx + b$ ← y-intercept
↑
slope

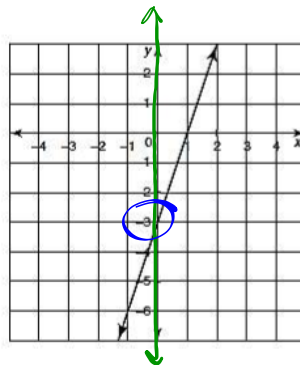
Ex. Identify the y-intercept in the following representations:

A.



~~$(0, -7)$~~
 $b = -7$

B.



~~$(0, -3)$~~
 $b = -3$

C.

x	y
-1	13
0	-2
4	-62
10	-152

~~$(0, -2)$~~
 $b = -2$

D.

x	y
0	8
3	14
7	22
9	26

~~$(0, 8)$~~
 $b = 8$

Real World Y-Intercepts

In a real world situation, the y-intercept represents the **starting value** or starting point. Determine the y-intercept for the following table:

A. How many pills were in the bottle to start?

Days Passed	Vitamins Remaining in Bottle
7	25
8	23
9	21
10	19

$m = \frac{+2}{-1} = -2$

y-int: (0, ?)

x	y
0	39
1	37
2	35
3	33
4	31
5	29
6	27
7	25
8	23
9	21
10	19

y-intercept (0, 39) days, vitamins

$y = mx + b$
 $19 = -2(10) + b$
 $19 = -20 + b$
 $+20 \quad +20$
 $39 = b$
 (0, 39)

B. How much was admission to the carnival?

Number of Carnival Ride Tickets	Cost (dollars)
4	9
8	12
16	18
32	30

$\frac{-12}{-16} = \frac{3}{4}$

$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{-3}{-4} = \frac{3}{4}$

$y = mx + b$
 $30 = \frac{3}{4}(32) + b$
 $30 = 24 + b$
 $-24 \quad -24$
 $6 = b$
 (0, 6)

x	y
0	6
4	9
8	12
16	18
32	30

c. Alberto is saving for a new video game. After adding two weeks of his allowance to a savings account, he has \$105. After adding three more weeks of his allowance, his savings is now at \$150. Determine the y-intercept and explain what the y-intercept means in terms of the problem.

(wk) X	Y (\$)
0	75
1	90
2	105
3	120
4	135
5	150

$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{45}{3} = 15$

b = 75
 (0, 75)

$y = mx + b$
 $105 = 15(2) + b$
 $105 = 30 + b$
 $-30 \quad -30$
 $75 = b$