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Day 11 – Applications of the Vertex **Practice Assignment**

Unit 8: Quadratic Functions

Name: Kl Date:

Practice

Block:

Review – Find the vertex of the following equation: $y = 2x^2 - 4x + 5$.

$$x = -b = 4 = 4 = 1$$
 $2a = 2(2) = 4 = 1$

$$y = a(1)^{2} - 4(1) + 5 = 3$$
 Vertex (1,3)

Directions: Answer the following questions that pertain to using applications of the vertex.

1. The valley between two mountains whose peaks touch the x-axis is $y = 40.4x^2 - 404x$, where x and y are measured in feet. How deep is the valley?

y= 40.4 (5) 2-404 (5) y= -1010 4t

Vertex: (5,-1010)

2. A model for a company's revenue is $R = -15p^2 + 300p + 12,000$, where p is the price in dollars of the company's product. What price will maximize revenue? What will be the maximum revenue?

$$\rho = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-300}{2(-15)} = \frac{-300}{-30} = \frac{5}{10}$$

$$R = -15(10)^2 + 300(10) + 12,000$$

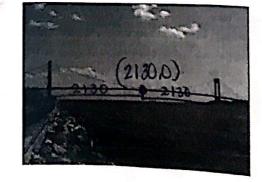
The price of \$10 will maximize the revenue to \$13,500

- 3. The photo shows the Verranzo-Narrows Bridge in New York, which has the longest span of any suspension bridge in the United States. A suspension of cable of the bridge forms a curve that resembles a parabola. The curve can be modeled with the function $y = 0.0001432(x - 2130)^2$, where x and y are measured in feet. The origin of the function's graph is at the base of one of the two towers that support the cable.
- a. What is the vertex of the bridge between two towers?

(2130.0)

b. How far apart are the towers? midway is 2130 ft, 50

4,260 gt apart



4. A missile is launched along a path determined by the equation $f(x) = -2x^2 + 72x$, where f(x) is the height of the missile in feet x seconds after the launch. A plane is flying nearby at a height of 650 feet. Is the plane in danger? Why or why not?

$$X = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{72}{2(-2)} = -\frac{72}{-4} = 18 \text{ seconds}$$

$$Y = -2(18)^2 + 72(18)$$

$$Y = 648 \text{ (At)}$$

not in danger because the highest the missile reaches is 648 At and the uplane is 650 ft.

5. A model rocket is launched straight upward. The path of the rocket is modeled by $h = -16t^2 + 200t$, where h represents the height of the rocket and t represents the time in seconds.

a. What is its maximum height?

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$$t = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-200}{2(-16)} = \frac{-200}{-32} = 6.25$$
 deconda

$$h = -16 (6.25)^2 + 200 (6.25)$$

the max height is

b. Is it still in the air after 8 seconds? Explain why or why not.

Ups, at 8 Docards, the bocket is 576 fthigh

c. Is it still in the air after 14 seconds? Explain why or why not.

$$h = -16(14)^2 + 200(14)$$

 $h = -336$ 4

no, at 14 seconds, the rocket is on the ground since the height is megative.