$\qquad$
Practice Assignment

1. Complete the table.

| Expression | List the Terms | List the Factors | List the <br> Variables | List the <br> Coefficients | List the <br> Constants |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $3 y^{3}+4 y^{2}-7 y+1$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $5 x^{4}-9 x^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $-a^{2}+6 a-3$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |  |

2. Write an expression with exactly 5 terms, containing the coefficients $7,21,-15$, and 8 . (Answers will vary.)
3. Simplify each expression (hint: combine "like terms").
a. $5 f+8-13 f$
b. $2 x-5 x^{2}+3+4 x$
c. $3 x^{2}+6 x-2 y+4 x^{2}+3 y-x$
d. $3(2 x-4)+2 x$
e. $-2(8 y-4)+9 y+6$
f. $\frac{13+2(7 x-3)}{7}$
g. $-(12-4 x)+8(10-x)$
h. $7(2 x-4)-(10-3 x)$
i. $\frac{6 x+9}{3}-5+4(-x-3)$
4. Give an example of two like terms and two unlike terms. Explain why they would or would not be classified as like terms.

Like
Unlike
5. Stretch your thinking - Simplify the following expression: $5(x-4)-(2 x-7)+x-2(x+3)$

