$\qquad$

Directions: Identify each Property of Operations or Property of Equality.

1. $6+0=6$
2. $4 \cdot 5=5 \cdot 4$
3. $4(x+6)=4 x+24$
4. $\frac{1}{5} \cdot 5=1$
5. $x-4+4=5+4$
6. If $-3=y$, then $y=-3$

Directions: For each equation that has been solved, name the property that describes each step of the equation solving process.
7.

| $\mathbf{5 x} \boldsymbol{+ 1 5}=\mathbf{7 5}$ | Given |
| :---: | :--- |
| $5 x=60$ |  |
| $x=12$ |  |

8. 

| $\frac{\boldsymbol{t}}{\mathbf{3}} \mathbf{+ 1 4}=\mathbf{2 9}$ | Given |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\frac{t}{3}=15$ |  |
| $t=45$ |  |

9. 

| $\mathbf{3}(\boldsymbol{x}-\mathbf{2})=\mathbf{1 2}$ | Given |
| :---: | :--- |
| $3 \mathrm{x}-6=12$ |  |
| $3 \mathrm{x}=18$ |  |
| $\mathrm{x}=6$ |  |

10. 

| $\mathbf{3 ( x + 2 )}-\mathbf{7}+\mathbf{2 x}=\mathbf{1 4}$ | Given |
| :---: | :--- |
| $3 x+6-7+2 x=14$ |  |
| $5 x-1=14$ |  |
| $5 x=15$ |  |
| $x=3$ |  |

11. 

| $\mathbf{3 x} \mathbf{+ 1 5} \mathbf{- 9}=\mathbf{2 ( x + 2 )}$ | Given |
| :---: | :--- |
| $3 \mathrm{x}+6=2(\mathrm{x}+2)$ |  |
| $3 \mathrm{x}+6=2 \mathrm{x}+4$ |  |
| $\mathrm{x}+6=4$ |  |
| $\mathrm{x}=-2$ |  |

Solve each equation and determine if it has one solution, no solution, or infinite solutions.
12. $4(2 x+1)-3(x-2)=10+5 x$
13. $10(x-2)+15=8 x+7$
15. $12 x+9-4 x-4=3 x-7-x+30$
16. $3(3 x+4)-2 x-5-7 x=20$
17. $-9 x+12+4(3 x-3)=7(x-2)-4 x+14$

